

Public Preview  
Version

# Reversing Disassembly Reconstruction Accelerated

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# Prerequisites

- ⦿ Working C or C++ knowledge
- ⦿ Basic assembly language knowledge

# Audience

- Novices

Learn x64 assembly language

- Experts

Learn the new pattern approach

# Pattern-Oriented RDR

- ⦿ Complex crashes and hangs (victimware analysis)
- ⦿ Malware analysis
- ⦿ Studying new products

# Training Goals

- ① Review fundamentals
- ① Learn patterns and techniques

# Training Principles

- Talk only about what I can show
- Lots of pictures
- Lots of examples
- Original content and examples

# Course Idea

- Implicit memory leak resulted from wrong API call parameter
- [www.Debugging.tv](http://www.Debugging.tv) episode 0x31

# Schedule Summary

## Day 1

- Theory
- Exercise R1

## Day 2

- Exercises R2 – R4

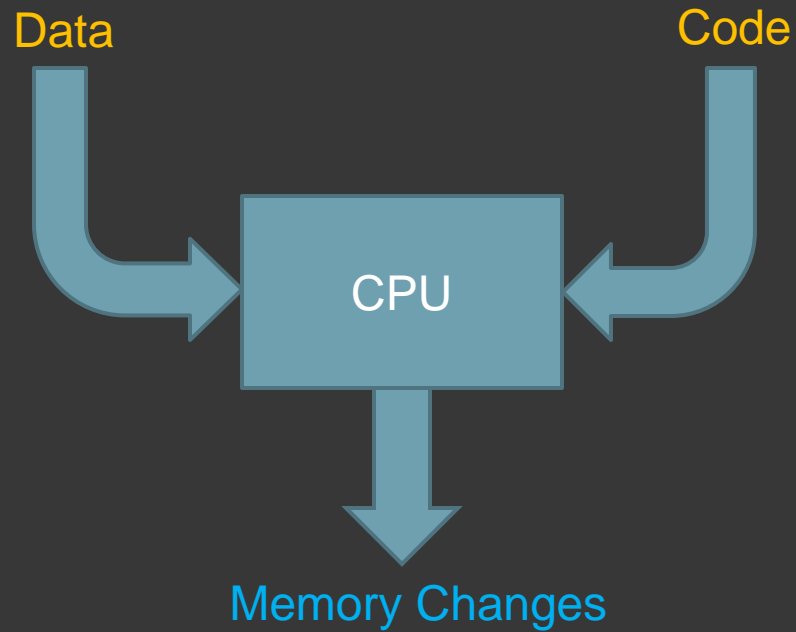
## Day 3

- Exercises R5 – R6
- Q&A



# Part 1: Theory

# Computation



# Disassembly

Data/Code numbers



Data/Code symbolic

```
488d0d2cce0000 lea rcx,[CPUx64+0xe2f8 (0000001`3f85e2f8)] ; "Hello World!"
```

Annotated Disassembly memory analysis pattern

# The Problem of Reversing

- Compilation to **Machine Language<sub>M</sub>**

Language<sub>1</sub>  Language<sub>M</sub>  Language<sub>2</sub>

- **Decompilation**

Language<sub>M</sub>  ?

# The Solution to Reversing

- ◎ **M**emory Language<sub>M</sub> Semantics



- ◎ Decompilation

Understanding of Language<sub>M</sub>

# The Reversing Tool

RSP				
8				
10				
18				
20				
28	Blue	Blue	Blue	Blue
30	Blue	Blue	Blue	Blue
38	Green	Green	Green	Green
40	Blue	Blue	Blue	Blue
48	Light Green	Light Green	Light Green	Light Green
50	Light Green	Light Green	Light Green	Light Green

Memory Cell Diagrams

						Light Green	Light Green
RAX	Blue	Blue	Blue	Blue	Blue	Blue	Blue
				Blue	Blue		

# Re(De)construction

- ⦿ Time dimension: sequence diagrams
- ⦿ Space dimension: component diagrams

How does it work temporally and structurally?

# ADDR Patterns

- ⦿ Accelerated
- ⦿ Disassembly patterns
- ⦿ De(Re)construction patterns
- ⦿ Reversing patterns



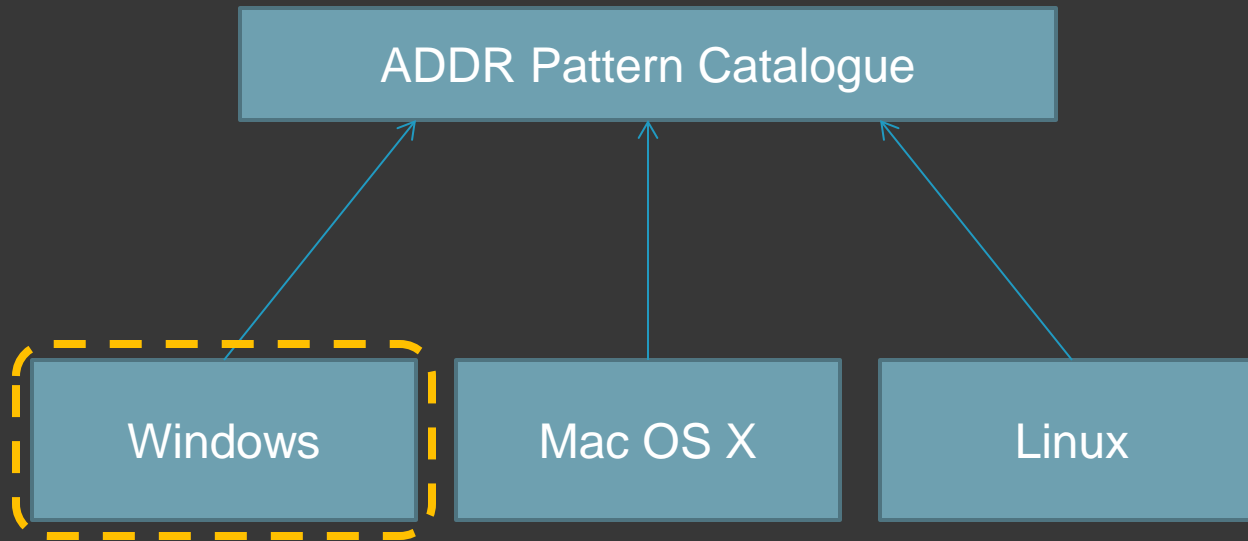
# ADDR Patterns (II)

- ⦿ Accelerated
- ⦿ Disassembly patterns
- ⦿ Decompilation patterns
- ⦿ Reconstruction patterns

# ADDR Schemas

- ◉ Function Prologue -> Function Epilogue
- ◉ Call Prologue -> Function Call -> Call Epilogue
- ◉ Potential Functionality -> Call Skeleton -> Call Path
- ◉ Call Parameter -> Function Parameter -> Local Variable

# ADDR Implementations



# Pattern Catalogues

- ⦿ Elementary Software Diagnostics Patterns
- ⦿ Memory Analysis Patterns
- ⦿ Trace and Log Analysis Patterns
- ⦿ Unified Debugging Patterns
- ⦿ **ADDR Patterns**

# Pattern Orientation

- Pattern-Driven ADDR
- Pattern-Based ADDR

# Part 2: Practice Exercises

# Links

- Memory dumps:

Not available in preview version

- Exercise Transcripts:

Not available in preview version

# Exercise 0

- ◉ **Goal:** Install Debugging Tools for Windows and learn how to set up symbols correctly



# Main CPU Registers

Illustrated on memory cell diagrams in \ADDR\MCD-R1.xlsx

- ⦿  $RAX \supset EAX \supset AX \supseteq \{AH, AL\}$
- ⦿ ALU: RAX, RDX
- ⦿ Counter: RCX
- ⦿ Memory copy: RSI (src), RDI (dst)
- ⦿ Stack: RSP
- ⦿ Next instruction: RIP
- ⦿ New: R8 – R15, Rx(D|W|B)

# Exercise R1

- ⦿ **Goal:** Review x64 assembly fundamentals; learn how to reconstruct stack trace manually
- ⦿ **ADDR Patterns:** Universal Pointer, Symbolic Pointer  $S^2$ , Interpreted Pointer  $S^3$ , Context Pyramid
- ⦿ **Memory Cell Diagrams:** Register, Pointer, Stack Frame

# Stack Reconstruction

1. Top frame from the current  $RIP_1, RSP_1$  (**r**)
2. Disassemble around the current  $RIP_n$  (**u[f]**  $RIP_n$ )
3. Find out the beginning of the function prologue
4. Check  $RSP_n$  usage (**sub**, **push**) and count offsets
5. Get  $RIP_{n+1}$  for the next frame (**dps**  $@rsp_n + \text{offset}$ )
6. Get  $RSP_{n+1}$  for the next frame ( $RSP_n + 8$ )
7.  $++n$
8. goto #2

# Exercise R2

- ⦿ **Goal:** Learn how to map source code to disassembly
- ⦿ **ADDR Patterns:** Potential Functionality, Function Skeleton, Function Call, Call Path, Local Variable, Static Variable, Pointer Dereference
- ⦿ **Memory Cell Diagrams:** Pointer Dereference

# Exercise R3

- ◎ **Goal:** Learn a function structure and associated memory operations
- ◎ **ADDR Patterns:** Function Prologue, Function Epilogue, Variable Initialization, Memory Copy
- ◎ **Memory Cell Diagrams:** Function Prologue, Function Epilogue

# Exercise R4

- ⦿ **Goal:** Learn how to recognize call and function parameters and track their data flow
- ⦿ **ADDR Patterns:** Call Prologue, Call Parameter, Call Epilogue, Call Result, Control Path, Function Parameter, Structure Field

# Exercise R5

- ⦿ **Goal:** Master memory cell diagrams as an aid to understanding complex disassembly logic
- ⦿ **ADDR Patterns:** Last Call, Loop, Memory Copy
- ⦿ **Memory Cell Diagrams:** Memory Copy

# Exercise R6

- ⦿ **Goal:** Learn how to map code to execution residue and reconstruct past behaviour; recognise previously introduced ADDR patterns in the context of compiled C++ code
- ⦿ **ADDR Patterns:** Separator Frames, Virtual Call
- ⦿ **Memory Cell Diagrams:** Virtual Call



# Live Debugging Techniques

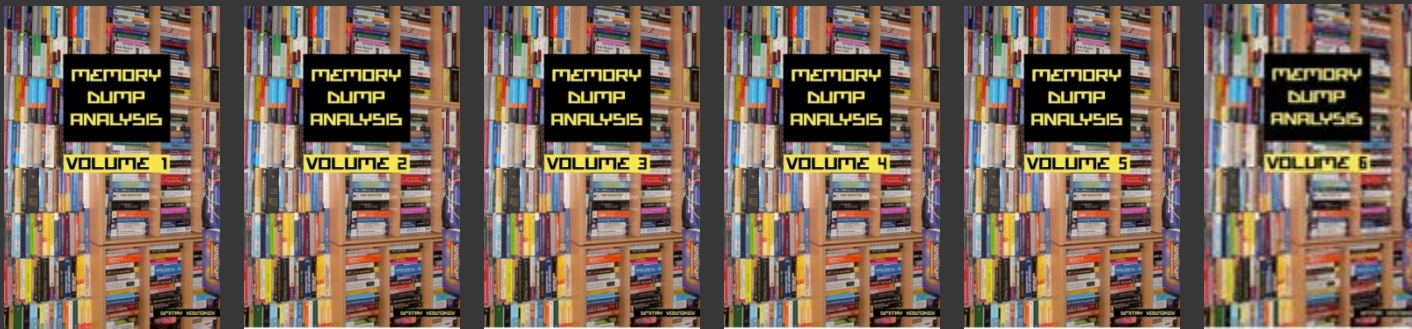
- ◎ **ADDR Patterns:** Component Dependencies, API Trace, Fibre Bundle (trace analysis pattern)
- ◎ Some dependencies can be learnt from crash dump stack traces ([example](#))
- ◎ [Debugging.TV](#) / [YouTube](#)
- ◎ Live debugging training: [Accelerated Windows Debugging<sup>3</sup>](#)

# Custom Tracing

- WinDbg logging extension
- [www.Debugging.tv](http://www.Debugging.tv) episode 0x8 [YouTube](https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=...)

# Resources

- WinDbg Help / [WinDbg.org \(quick links\)](#)
- [DumpAnalysis.org](#)
- [Debugging.TV / DebuggingTV YouTube Channel](#)
- [Windows Debugging: Practical Foundations](#)
- [x64 Windows Debugging: Practical Foundations](#)
- [Software Diagnostics Library](#)
- [Memory Dump Analysis Anthology](#)



x86 disassembly/reversing:  
Hackers Disassembly Uncovered by Kris Kaspersky

# Q&A

Please send your feedback using the contact form on [PatternDiagnostics.com](http://PatternDiagnostics.com)

Thank you for attendance!